## Winning USF Reform, Broadband \& Operational Strategies

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## Winning USF Reform Strategies



# Winning USF Reform Strategies 

- What would you rather have?


## Certainty or Uncertainty?

"There is nothing more deceptive than an obvious fact" - Sir Arthur Conan Doyle

## Winning USF Reform Strategies

- But is there really any certainty in USF?
- A-CAM provides you with the certainty of knowing how much support you will receive each year for the next 10 years
- What happens when unexpected costs arise during the $10-$ year funding window?
- Legacy Rate of Return provides you with the certainty of knowing that your cost recovery will align with the costs you incur over time
- What happens when costs decline or are not as expected during the 5 -year funding window?
"The one unchangeable certainty is that nothing is certain
or unchangeable" - John F. Kennedy


## Winning USF Reform Strategies

## - What are the variables or rules?

## Variable/Rule

- Funding Calculation
- Certainty of Support
- Deployment Obligations
- Deployment Milestones
- Reporting Requirements
- Speed \& Latency Testing
- Ratemaking Flexibility
- Limitations on Costs/Support

Legacy RoR

- Company specific, actual costs
- Varies based on costs \& BCM
- $25 / 3$ to calculated \# of locations based on current deployment
- Completed by end of Year 5
- Annual HUBB reporting for all
- Required for all
- None, beyond pool participation
- Budget Control Mechanism/OpEx Limitation/Ineligible Expenses/ \$250-\$200/line Support Limit


## A-CAM II

- Forward-looking economic costs
- Fixed for 10 years
- $25 / 3$ to all fully funded locations $4 / 1$ or R/R to partially funded
- Interim starting in Year 4
- Annual HUBB reporting for all
- Required for all
- Price Caps for BDS
- None, model-based


# Winning USF Reform Strategies 

- Winning USF Reform Strategy \#1


## KNOW THE RULES OF THE GAME!

"It's not wise to violate rules until you know how to observe them." - T.S. Eliot

## Winning USF Reform Strategies

- What would you rather have?


## 

"Well then, this would be more, wouldn't it?" - Ernie Capadino, A League of Their Own

## Winning USF Reform Strategies

- The True Picture for "Sample Telco"

|  | A-CAM | RoR |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Prior Year | $\$ 6,000,000$ | $\$ 6,000,000$ |
| Year 1 | $5,500,000$ | $5,100,000$ |
| Year 2 | $5,000,000$ | $4,250,000$ |
| Year 3 | $4,500,000$ | $3,650,000$ |
| Year 4 | $4,000,000$ | $3,100,000$ |
| Year 5 | $3,500,000$ | $2,650,000$ |
| Year 6 | $3,000,000$ | $2,250,000$ |
| Year 7 | $2,500,000$ | $2,500,000$ |
| Year 8 | $2,000,000$ | $2,750,000$ |
| Year 9 | $1,500,000$ | $3,000,000$ |
| Year 10 | $1,000,000$ | $3,250,000$ |
| Total | $32,500,000$ | $32,500,000$ |
| NPV | $\$ 28,761,721$ | $\$ 28,143,478$ |

# "It is the mark of a truly intelligent person to be moved by statistics" - 

George Bernard Shaw
*But this isn't necessarily the final answer...

## Glide-Path Scenario 2 - Baseline

- The True Picture for "Sample Telco"

|  | A-CAM II |  | RoR | Difference |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2018 Claims | \$ | \$ | 1,334,730 |  |
| Year 1 | 1,267,994 |  | 1,146,934 | 121,060 |
| Year 2 | 1,201,257 |  | 989,554 | 211,703 |
| Year 3 | 1,134,521 |  | 869,497 | 265,024 |
| Year 4 | 1,067,784 |  | 840,848 | 226,936 |
| Year 5 | 1,001,048 |  | 755,064 | 245,984 |
| Year 6 | 934,311 |  | 734,887 | 199,424 |
| Year 7 | 867,575 |  | 681,678 | 185,897 |
| Year 8 | 800,838 |  | 651,170 | 149,668 |
| Year 9 | 774,422 |  | 605,965 | 168,457 |
| Year 10 | 774,422 |  | 503,112 | 271,310 |
| Total | 9,824,172 |  | 7,778,709 | *2,045,463 |

*But this isn't necessarily the final answer...

## Glide-Path Scenario - Alternate Scenario

- The True Picture for "Sample Telco"

|  | A-CAM II | RoR - 10\% BO Growth | Difference |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2018 Claims | \$ | \$ 1,334,730 |  |
| Year 1 | 1,267,994 | 1,246,439 | 21,554 |
| Year 2 | 1,201,257 | 1,183,449 | 17,808 |
| Year 3 | 1,134,521 | 1,094,167 | 40,354 |
| Year 4 | 1,067,784 | 1,073,330 | $(5,546)$ |
| Year 5 | 1,001,048 | 985,762 | 15,285 |
| Year 6 | 934,311 | 984,299 | $(49,988)$ |
| Year 7 | 867,575 | 937,788 | $(70,214)$ |
| Year 8 | 800,838 | 920,763 | $(119,925)$ |
| Year 9 | 774,422 | 870,902 | $(96,480)$ |
| Year 10 | 774,422 | 601,547 | 172,875 |
| Total | 9,824,172 | 9,898,446 | * 74,275 ) |

*But this isn't necessarily the final answer...

## Things to Consider when making this decision

- What do you need to know before answering?
- Network Design
- What will it take to meet the deployment obligations under each option?
- Think about future obligations, competition and customer demand
- Estimate Costs
- What is the annual and overall cost to build the network design?
- Where is the money coming from?
- Do I have access to the capital resources to build the network design?
- Forecast Financials
- 10-year financial forecast (total funding period) w/ focus on cash flow
"He who asks a question is a fool for a minute; he who does not remains a fool forever" - Ancient Proverb


## Things to Consider when making this decision

- What do you need to know before answering?
- Focus on Customer \& Competition
- What does the customer want and will pay for?
- What is your competition doing?
- Regulatory Considerations
- Will there be enough funds to go around (BCM)?
- We estimate the max reduction of funding is $10 \%$ for sample phone company


## Winning USF Reform Strategies

- Winning USF Reform Strategy \#2


## KNOW YOUR NUMBERS!

"Numbers are the highest degree of knowledge. It is knowledge itself" - Plato

## A-CAM II vs. Legacy RoR



## A-CAM II vs. Legacy RoR: Projected Results

- How did we estimate who will do what?
- Analysis of 150+ Companies
- Projection of A-CAM II results based on 12/31/17 FCC Form 477 Data
- 2018 USF vs Estimated A-CAM II (absolute variance \& glide path)
- Current 25/3 Mbps Deployment (amount of fiber deployed)
- High = peak Legacy RoR/potential glide path appeal
- Low = low Legacy RoR/potential need to invest heavily
- Level of Competition (risk of future competitive auction)
- Fully Funded Locations (deployment obligations)
- $\quad$ High = potentially significant additional fiber deployment
- Low = potentially minor additional fiber deployment
- Knowledge of individual company
- Estimate of likely results (A-CAM II, Borderline, or RoR)
- Extrapolated results to remaining 817 Legacy RoR study areas


## A-CAM II vs. Legacy RoR: Projected Results

- Results of Analysis
- A-CAM II = 40 Study Areas $($ Extrapolated $=209)$
- $\$ 149 \mathrm{M}$ in A-CAM II Support
- $\$ 38 \mathrm{M}$ net increase from 2018 Legacy RoR
- $\$ 39 \mathrm{M}$ in increased Support
- $\quad \$ 1.1 \mathrm{M}(0.23 \%$ of total) in Glide Path Support
- Borderline = 51 Study Areas (Extrapolated = 267)
- \$156M in Legacy RoR Support
- \$92M in A-CAM II Support
- $\quad \$ 69 \mathrm{M}(14.43 \%$ of total) in Glide Path Support
- Legacy RoR = 65 Study Areas $($ Extrapolated $=340)$
- $\$ 209 \mathrm{M}$ in Legacy RoR Support


## A-CAM II vs. Legacy RoR: Projected Results

- Here's what we estimate will happen...
- $\approx 300$ Study Areas will elect A-CAM II
- 209 "A-CAM II" + 89 "Borderline"
- Estimated $1 / 3$ of "Borderline" will elect A-CAM II
- Total of $\approx 575$ on model-based support ( $\approx 52 \%$ of total RoR)
- 262 A-CAM I
- 13 AK Plan
- 300 A-CAM II

- $\approx 520$ Study Areas will remain on Legacy RoR ( $\approx 48 \%$ of total RoR)
- Glide Path Carriers < 7\% of Legacy RoR
- "A-CAM II" $\approx 0.23 \%$
- "Borderline" $\approx 14.43 \% / 3 \approx 4.81 \%$
- Total $\approx 5.04 \%$


## A-CAM II vs. Legacy RoR: Illinois

- 22 ACAM II offers in Illinois
- 14 Companies with increases over 2018 Claims
- Increases range from $\$ 11 \mathrm{k}-\$ 693 \mathrm{k}$
- Increase of $3 \%-447 \%$
- 8 Glide Path Carriers
- Reductions range from (\$8ok) - (\$2.3M)
- Decrease of $4 \%$ to $37 \%$

What does your 10 year forecast look like?

- CBOL Strategy
- Cashflow Impacts


## Winning Broadband \& Operational Strategies



## Offer "Premium" Broadband Services

- Broadband-Only
- High end users require more bandwidth
- Don't offer low-speed broadband-only options
- Voice Over IP
- High end customers will subscribe to low cost VoIP where available
- Offer voice as many customers see it, an add-on to broadband
- Over the Top Video
- Customers are rapidly cutting the video cord \& going OTT
- Use this as an opportunity to upsell bandwidth
- Managed Services
- Premium services require an exceptional experience
- Force customers to have a positive experience, sell/lease and manage the CPE


## Broadband Only Industry Penetration

- Total Broadband Only Lines Reported as of $12 / 31 / 2017=251,025$
- Total Access Lines = 3,428,732 (5.2 million reported in 2002
- Penetration Rate of $\mathrm{BO}=6.82 \%$
- 284 Study Areas reported at least 1 Broadband Only Connection in 2017 out of 1,022 Study Areas
${ }^{22}$ - 148 Reported at least 10\% of Total Connections have BO
- 18 reported greater than $40 \%$
- Mean those that reported $\mathrm{BO}=12 \%$
- Highest Penetration = 89\%
- Most BO Customers = 16,189
- 197 RoR Study Areas out of 682 reported at least 1 BO Connection
- Broadband Only customers forecasted to double by 2021


## Offer "Premium" Broadband Services

- High End Users Require More Bandwidth \& A Better Experience
* As recommended by BROADBANDNOW ${ }^{\circledR}$ Speed Calculator

Low End User Example*

- 1 User
- 1 Smart TV
- 1 Smart Phone
- 1 Computer
- Daily Use of Devices
- No Streaming

Moderate User Example*

- 3 Users (2 Adults/1 Child)
- 1 Smart TV
- 2 Smart Phones
- 2 Computers
- 1 Gaming Console
- 1 Tablet
- Daily Use of Devices
- Infrequent Streaming

19 Mbps

High End User Example*

- 5 Users (2 Adults/3 Children)
- 2 Smart TVs
- 4 Smart Phones
- 3 Computers
- 2 Gaming Consoles
- 1 Tablet
- Daily Use of Devices
- Regular Streaming


## Offer "Premium" Broadband Services

- High end customers will subscribe to low cost VoIP
- FCC data shows that customers prefer VoIP to Switched Access Lines

- Low Cost VoIP Providers
- Vaipoil - \$6.21/mo.
- AXVOICE - \$8.25/mo
- phonower - \$8.33/mo.
- 1-VolP ${ }^{\prime}$ ( $-\$ 8.97 / \mathrm{mo}$.
- Vonage - \$9.99/mo.
* Cheapest residential service offerings per:


## GETVOiP.com

Voice Telephone Services: Status as of J une 30, 2017, Industry Analysis and Technology Division, Wireline Competition Bureau, FCC, November 2018

## Offer "Premium" Broadband Services

- Customers are Rapidly Cutting the Video Cord


Note: ages 18+; individuals who no longer have access to traditional pay TV services
Source: eMarketer, July 2018
239748

- OTT Video Subscriptions



## Offer "Premium" Broadband Services

## Young adults use streaming services most

 to watch TV

Source: Survey conducted Aug. 15-21, 2017.
PEW RESEARCH CENTER

## Offer "Premium" Broadband Services

- Sample Pricing for Managed Wi-Fi
- Premium services require an exceptional experience
"If operators want to compete effectively in the connected home, they will need to add value through premium CPE and a quality consumer experience. They already shoulder the blame when things go wrong with Wi-Fi and the network, so they cannot continue to cede ground to new devices while their own services become commoditized." Brad Russell, Research Director, Connected Home, Parks Associates

At least 70\% of rural customers do not subscribe to a Managed Wi-Fi service, Cronin Communications/ Innovative Systems, 2019 Video and Internet Study

|  | Basic Installation | Managed Plan | Worry Free Plan |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Term of obligation | none | month to month | 1-year |
| Installation $\mathrm{Fee}^{1}$ (preregistration, limited time) | \$100 | \$100 | \$100 |
| Monthly Fee | Free | \$4.95/month | \$9.95/month |
| Initial Hardwire Device Connect | 1 | 1 | 2 |
| Initial WiFi Device Connect | 1 | 10 | 10 |
| 24/7 Tech Support Line | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ |
| SSID (WiFi user access) Setup (1) | 1 | 3 | 3 |
| WiFi Optimization | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ |
| NetValet Mobile App ${ }^{2}$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ |
| Technical Support, Onsite Visits (normal business hours) | Hourly service fee | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ |
| Initial Phone Cabeling ${ }^{3}$ | 0 hardwired connects | 1 hardwired connect or repair of 1 existing jack | 2 hardwired connects or repair of 2 existing jacks |
| Advanced Network Support ${ }^{4}$ |  | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ |
| Hands-Free Parental Controls and Time Use Management |  | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ |
| Technical Support, Onsite Visits (after business hours) |  |  | $\checkmark$ |
| Existing In-home Wiring Support ${ }^{5}$ |  |  | $\checkmark$ |

Delta-Montrose Electric Association (CO)

## Create a Bandwidth Centric Network

- Fiber to the Home
- There is nothing that can compete with FTTH
- Win the customer today and never lose them again
- Supplement FTTH w/ copper \& wireless last mile where necessary
- Be creative with cost effective local loop solutions
- Beat the competition with the best service possible
- Build/lease fiber transport networks to connect to the world
- Premium services require an exceptional experience from end to end
- Do not connect your fire hose to a garden hose
- Get creative in finding/building cost effective transport


## Create a Bandwidth Centric Network



Source: New Zealand Telecommunications Forum, Inc.

## Create a Bandwidth Centric Network

- U.S. Connections by Fixed Broadband Technology ${ }^{1}$
- Cable Modem - 60.29 ${ }^{2}$
- Digital Subscriber Line (Copper) - 24.4\%
- Fiber - 12.15\%
- Satellite - $1.72 \%^{2}$
- Broadband over Powerline (BPL) - 0.63 $\%^{2}$
- Fixed Wireless - 1.17 $\%^{2}$
- Mobile Wireless - 74.01\% of Total Broadband Connections ${ }^{2}$
${ }^{1}$ Internet Access Services: Status as of J une 30, 2017 - FCC, December 2018
${ }^{2}$ This is who you are competing with


## Create a Bandwidth Centric Network

- Be Creative With Cost Effective Local Loop Solutions
- Cost Comparison to Connect 23.4 Million People in Rural America ${ }^{1}$
- FTTH: \$45B - \$65B
- Satellite: \$30B - \$45B
- 4G (Higher Frequency): \$25B - \$40B
- 4G Fixed Wireless (700 MHz): \$15B - \$25B
- TV White Spaces: \$10B - \$15B
- Technology Mix: \$8B - \$12B
${ }^{1}$ A Rural Broadband Strategy: Connecting Rural America to New Opportunities - Microsoft, July 2017
(Data Sources: The Boston Consulting Group, 2017, FCC 2016 Broadband Progress Report)


## Marketing \& Pricing Savvy

- Regardless of competition, we have to get better at marketing our services
- Customer education on available services is critical
- How these services make life better - benefits vs.
- How to properly use the services - features
- How your services are better than the competition
- How much bandwidth is really needed
- Competition is coming in one form or another, so be prepared
- Customer must know the benefits of your service before your competition arrives
- It is better to be proactive than reactive
"A merchant who approaches business with the idea of serving the public well has
nothing to fear from the competition." - James Cash Penney


## Marketing \& Pricing Savvy

- In spite of marketing, we have to get better at pricing our services
- As an industry we fear raising prices
- Prior to 2012, when was the last time you raised your local rates?
- Asses local rate strategies related to Access Recovery Charges and Subscriber Line Charges
- Absent USF support, how would you price your services?
- Gradual migration to greater dependence on end user rates...start preparing
- Do you raise rates for broadband when DSL or backhaul costs increase?
- Name another industry that doesn't raise prices when their costs increase...
- When costs increase there are 3 primary ways to maintain/increase margins
- Rates/efficiencies/scale
- We have to change customer expectations on the value of our services
- Name a service more valued than broadband in today's culture...


## Marketing \& Pricing Savvy

- How much bandwidth do customers really need today?
- Very few currently need 1 Gbps+
- Educate the customer on what they need
- Services should be value priced
- Pricing must recover costs and provide a reasonable margin
- Difficult to raise prices significantly if you start too low
- Maintain the ability to upsell bandwidth


Source:
https://www.scotlandsuperfast.com/latest-
stories-and-events/stories/what-broadband-
speeds-do-you-need/

## Closing Thoughts

- Winning USF Reform Strategies
- Know the rules of the game so that you can forecast the impacts
- Know your numbers so that you can make an educated election
- A-CAM II vs. Legacy Rate of Return
- A-CAM II, even on a glide path, may be a viable option for many
- When the dust settles, we expect $\approx 50 \%$ of RoR ILECs to be on Model Based support
- Winning Broadband \& Operational Strategies
- Meet customer demand and beat the competition
- Offer premium broadband services
- Create a bandwidth centric network


## Pricing Options

- Key Takeaway: Need to price to maintain End User revenue, do not give back incremental support revenue
- See example of fixed rate pricing exercise -
- Measured of Metered Internet Pricing -
- Pros - Customer gets top of the line service and the best you have to offer, treat as a Utility, pay for what you use, reduce trouble tickets and expenses, ease of revenue and rate adjustments
- Cons - perception of customer satisfaction, varying revenue, susceptible to changes in demand
- Case Study -


## Pricing - Do Not Do

## Voice/Data Customer Bill

Local Service $=\$ 18$
Local Taxes $=\$ 2$
ARC $=\$ 3$
SLC $=\$ 6.50$
FUSC = \$1.50
Internet $(10 / 1$ MBPS $)=\$ 50$
Total Monthly Bill = \$82

+ HCLS = \$34
$+\underline{\text { CAF BLS }=\$ 34}$
Total Revenue/mnth = \$146


## Pricing - Do Not Do

Voice/Data Customer Bill
Local Service = \$18
Local Taxes $=\$ 2$
ARC = \$3
SLC $=\$ 6.50$
*FUSC = \$1.50
${ }^{2}$ Internet ( $10 / 1 \mathrm{MBPS}$ ) $=\mathbf{\$ 5 0}$
Total Monthly Bill = \$82

+ HCLS = \$24
$+\underline{\text { CAF BLS }=\$ 30}$
Total Revenue/mnth $=\mathbf{\$ 1 3 6}$

Broadband Only Bill
Local Service = \$0
Local Taxes $=\$ 1$
ARC = \$0
SLC = \$0
FUSC = \$0
Internet ( $10 / 1 \mathrm{MBPS}$ ) $=\mathbf{\$ 5 0}$
Total Monthly Bill = \$51
$+\mathrm{HCLS}=$
$+\underline{\text { CAF BLS }=\$ 80}$
Total Revenue/mnth $=\mathbf{\$ 1 3 1}$

## Pricing - Recommended

Voice/Data Customer Bill
Local Service = \$18
Local Taxes $=\$ 2$
ARC = \$3
SLC $=\$ 6.50$
FUSC = \$1.50
${ }^{4}$ Internet ( $10 / 1 \mathrm{MBPS}$ ) $=\mathbf{\$ 5 0}$
Total Monthly Bill = \$82
$+\mathrm{HCLS}=\$ 24$
$+\underline{\text { CAF BLS }}=\$ 30$
Total Revenue/mnth $=\mathbf{\$ 1 3 6}$

Broadband Only Bill
Local Service = \$0
Local Taxes $=\$ 1$
ARC = \$0
SLC = \$0
FUSC = \$0
Internet (100/10 MBPS) $=\mathbf{\$ 8 0}$
Total Monthly Bill = \$81
$+\mathrm{HCLS}=$
$+\underline{\text { CAF BLS }=\$ 80}$
Total Revenue/mnth = \$161

## Broadband Only Pricing:

## Assumptions <br> Fixed Pricing <br> Metered

1,200 Internet Customers

Fixed Price:
25/3 Mbps - 960-\$50/month
50/5 Mbps - 150-\$75/month
100/100-60-\$100/month
1 gig - 30 - \$150/month

Metered Price:
\$20/month
\$.25/gig
Average Usage $=154$ gig $/$ month

## Broadband Only Pricing:

## Assumptions <br> Fixed Pricing <br> Metered

1,200 Internet Customers
Total Revenue -
Fixed Price:
25/3 Mbps - 960-\$50/month
Per Month = \$69,750
Per Year = \$837,000
100/100-60-\$100/month
1 gig - 30 - \$150/month

Metered Price:
\$20/month
\$.25/gig
Average Usage $=154$ gig $/$ month

## Broadband Only Pricing:

## Assumptions Fixed Pricing <br> 1,200 Internet Customers <br> Fixed Price: <br> 25/3 Mbps - 960-\$50/month <br> 50/5 Mbps - 150-\$75/month <br> 100/100-60-\$100/month <br> 1 gig - 30 - \$150/month <br> Per Month $=\mathbf{\$ 6 9 , 7 5 0}$ <br> Per Year = \$837,000 <br> Total Revenue -

## Metered

Metered Price:
\$20/month
\$.25/gig
Average Usage $=154$ gig $/$ month

Fixed Fee Revenue per Month $=\$ 24 \mathrm{~K}$ per Year $=\$ 288 \mathrm{~K}$

Usage Fee Revenue -
per Month $=\$ 46 \mathrm{~K}$
per Year $=\$ 554 \mathrm{~K}$

Total Revenue per Month $=\$ 70,000$ per Year $=\mathbf{\$ 8 4 2 , 0 0 0}$

## Broadband Only Pricing:

## Assumptions <br> Fixed Pricing <br> Metered

Fixed Price:
25/3 Mbps - 960-\$50/month
50/5 Mbps - 150-\$75/month
100/100-60-\$100/month
1 gig - 30 - \$150/month

Metered Price:
\$20/month
\$.30/gig
Average Usage = 154 gig/month

Total Revenue -
Fixed Fee Revenue per Month = \$24K per Year $=\$ 288 \mathrm{~K}$
Per Month = \$69,750
Per Year $=\mathbf{\$ 8 3 7 , 0 0 0}$
Usage Fee Revenue -
per Month $=\$ 55 \mathrm{~K}$ per Year $=\$ 665 \mathrm{~K}$

Total Revenue per Month $=\$ 79,000$ per Year $=\mathbf{\$ 9 5 3 , 0 0 0}$

## Questions?

## Thank you!

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